

91792—Continued.

almost immune to the attacks of curculio and other pests. The ripening season is September and October.

For previous introduction see 60973.

91793 to 91835.

From Scotland. Seeds presented by W. Wright Smith, Regius Keeper, Royal Botanic Garden, Edinburgh. Received February 26, 1931.

91793. AGAPANTHUS AFRICANUS (L.) Hoffmannsegg (*Abumon africanum* Britton). Liliaceae.

Variety *caulescens*. A form with long-pediceled blue flowers paler inside, and the outer flowers of the umbel nodding.

91794 to 91801. ALLIUM spp. Liliaceae. Onion.

91794. ALLIUM ATTENUIFOLIUM Kellogg.

A bulbous perennial with a slender scape 6 to 15 inches high, channeled leaves, and a dense umbel of nearly white rose-tinted flowers. It is native to California.

91795. ALLIUM LIBANI Boiss.

A species with very narrow leaves and a dense umbel of straw-colored flowers. It is about 4 inches high and grows wild in the mountains of southern Palestine.

For previous introduction see 59348.

91796. ALLIUM OREOPHILUM Meyer.

A bulbous perennial with linear to lanceolate leaves and hemispheric umbels of purple-lavender flowers. It is native to the mountains of the Caucasus.

91797. ALLIUM PARADOXUM (Bieb.) Don.

A perennial onion, 1 foot high, with white flowers. Native to Siberia.

For previous introduction see 78989.

91798. ALLIUM PULCHELLUM Don.

For previous introduction and description see 90947.

91799. ALLIUM ROSEUM L.

A plant about 1 foot high, with strap-shaped leaves rolled inward at the top and pale lilac-rose flowers produced in umbels. Native to southern Europe.

For previous introduction see 81101.

91800. ALLIUM SIKKIMENSE Baker.

For previous introduction and description see 91276.

91801. ALLIUM WALLICHIANUM Steud.

A tall, eastern Asiatic onion, with narrow flat leaves about 3 feet long and purple flower heads.

For previous introduction see 66435.

91802. ALSTROEMERIA HAEMANTHA Ruiz and Pav. Amaryllidaceae.

A tuberous-rooted perennial with a flower stem 2 to 3 feet high, bearing thin lanceolate leaves 3 to 4 inches long and a compound umbel of flowers 2 inches long which are bright red tipped with green, the inner ones with red-purple spots on a red-yellow ground. It is native to Chile.

91793 to 91835—Continued.

91803. ALSTROEMERIA REVOLUTA Ruiz and Pav. Amaryllidaceae.

A tuberous-rooted perennial, native to Chile, with a stem 1 foot high, crowded linear leaves 1 to 2 inches long, and 6 to 12 purplish flowers 1 inch long with the segments recurved half their length, the inner ones spotted white.

91804. COMMELINA SIKKIMENSIS C. B. Clarke. Commelinaceae. Dayflower.

A slender, creeping, herbaceous perennial, rooting at the nodes, with lanceolate leaves 2 to 3 inches long and blue flowers. It is native to the Province of Sikkim, India.

91805 to 91807. CRASSULA spp. Crassulaceae.

91805. CRASSULA NUDICAULIS L.

A nearly stemless succulent with the semiterete, lanceolate leaves, 2 to 6 inches long, in a rosette, and the flower stem, 1 to 2 feet high, bearing dense headlike clusters of small greenish flowers. It is native to southern Africa.

91806. CRASSULA ORBICULARIS L.

A succulent, native to southern Africa, producing offsets and runners. The spatulate-obovate leaves, with cartilaginously ciliate margins, spread horizontally and are imbricated, forming a circular rosette. The peduncle, 6 to 8 inches high, bears three to five pairs of clusters of small creamy white flowers.

91807. CRASSULA TENUIFOLIA Schoenl.

A diffuse succulent, 8 to 12 inches high, with linear leaves 1 inch long and corymbs of small white flowers. It is native to Natal.

91808. DRACOCEPHALUM ISABELLAE Forrest. Menthaceae. Dragonhead.

A perennial, mintlike plant 12 to 18 inches high, native to China, with leaves 1 inch long, divided into five to seven linear segments and spikes 4 to 5 inches long made up of verticillate clusters of dragon-shaped, deep blue-purple flowers 1 to 2 inches long.

91809. DRACOCEPHALUM RUPRECHTI Regel. Menthaceae. Dragonhead.

A dwarf compact perennial 1 to 2 feet high, with ovate-lanceolate incised and toothed leaves and axillary clusters of rose-purple to lilac tubular 2-lipped flowers 1 inch long. It is native to Turkistan.

91810 to 91813. ECHEVERIA spp. Crassulaceae.

91810. ECHEVERIA ALPINA Hort.

A name for which a place of publication and description has not been found.

91811. ECHEVERIA CUSPIDATA Rose.

A stemless succulent with a dense rosette of glaucous red-tinged obovate leaves 2 to 3 inches long and rose-colored flower stalks 12 to 18 inches high bearing second racemes of purple flowers with yellow tips. It is native to Mexico.

91812. ECHEVERIA GRACILIS Hort.

A name for which a place of publication and description has not been found.